《天路导向》双语讲义

故事的精髓 - 4 THE POINT OF THE STORY - 4

<u>马太福音13:33、加拉太书5:1-10</u> <u>Matthew 13:33, Galatians 5:1-10</u>

<u>SECTION A</u> <u>甲部</u>

- Welcome our listening friends. 亲爱的朋友,你好,
- What a delight it is to know that you are there listening to this broadcast. 很高兴你能收听我们的节目。
- In this broadcast, we will discuss the third parable in our series called "The Point of the Story."
 今天我们会谈到"故事的精髓"系列的第三个 比喻,
- The parable is known as the "Parable of the Leaven." 这个比喻也叫做"面酵的比喻"。
- But let me begin by speaking about power just for a minute. 让我先来谈谈能力这个词,
- Power and the pursuit of power has always intrigued most people. 能力和追求能力总是人们感兴趣的话题。
- There are those... who are impressed with power. 有些人崇拜能力:
- There are those... who pursue power. 有些人追求能力;
- 9. And there are those... who have power. 也有一些人拥有能力。
- But today I want to tell you about the power that you may not know that you have in you 但今天我想告诉你的是,你里面的能力,而 你自己也许还没有意识到。
- The parable of the leaven is a parable about the transforming power of God 面酵是用来比喻神的能力的,

- 12. it is not the mirage power of this falling world 并不是这个堕落世界海市蜃楼一般的虚假能 力,
- 13. but real power with the God of the universe. 乃是宇宙之主的真实能力。
- 14. This parable is about the only real and lasting power... not the temporary power of our secular society.
 这个比喻是在讲唯一的真正永存的能力,不是我们这个世俗社会的短暂能力。
- 15. If you are fascinated by power... 如果你爱慕能力,
- if you are intimidated by power... 如果你畏惧能力,
- 17. listen carefully... for this message is about the real power.请仔细听,因为这个信息就是关于真正能力的。
- Turn with me to Matthew 13:33.
 请和我一起翻开马太福音13:33,
- 19. Let's read it 我们一起读。马太福音13:33。
 太13:33:他又对他们讲个比喻说:"天国 好像面酵,有妇人拿来,藏在三斗面里,直 等全团都发起来。"
- Jesus doesn't give us an explanation of this parable.
 耶稣没有把这个比喻的解释告诉我们。
- But you can be certain that: The disciples knew exactly the things he described.
 但你能确定的是,门徒知道祂所比喻的是什么。
- There was not a single home in ancient Palestine... in which the woman of the house did not bake bread.
 在古代的巴勒斯坦地区,没有哪家的妇女不 会烤饼的。

- They did not go and get bread from the bakery. 她们不是去外面的面包店买,
- Women were constantly baking bread, and in large quantities. 而是在家大量地烤饼。
- 25. because bread was their major food and sometimes their only food.
 因为面饼是他们的主食,有时甚至是唯一的 食物。
- And the way they made bread is, they kept a portion of the leavened dough from the risen batch just before it was baked.
 在烤饼之前,他们总是留下一小部分发过酵的面团,
- 27. Modern-day bakers call it "starter." 现在我们称之为"发面"。
- Then, when the next batch of dough was being mixed... 然后当第二次和面时,
- the woman would take the saved portion that has been kept... and put it in the middle of the new one. 妇人就会把头一次留下的发面放入新的面团 中,
- That way... the leaven or the yeast would ferment the new batch of dough and make it rise. 面酵就会使新的面团发起来。
- The small piece of leaven or yeast... given enough time... it pervades the entire dough. 很小的一块发面,只要给它足够长的时间,
- 32. A small piece of leaven would penetrate every
 - particle of the dough. 一小块面酵可以穿透面团的每一部分,
- This small piece of leaven works silently and persistently to impact the entire dough.
 这一小块面酵静悄悄,但又持续不断的工 作,直到把全团都发起来。
- The three measures that Jesus referred to is the normal amount of dough that a household would batch at a given time 耶稣比喻中所说的三斗面,是当时一个家庭 所用的正常分量,
- It is sometimes called one ephah or one bushel of flour. 也就是一伊法细面。

- And, that was the amount used for the meal offerings which symbolize fellowship with God.
 也是用来献祭的分量,象征着我们与神之间 互相来往的关系。
- It symbolized service and dedication to God. 象征我们对神的服侍和献身,
- It symbolized the hospitality of the soul to the living God.
 也象征我们灵里对永生神的热诚。
- In Genesis, that was the portion of the wheat flour that Sarah baked for the Heavenly visitors.
 在创世纪里,撒拉正是用一伊法的细面为神 的使者烤饼。
- 40. In the Book of Judges, that was the portion that Gideon baked for the angel of the Lord. 在士师记里,基甸也是用这么多面为天使烤饼。
- So, what is the point of the parable?
 那么,故事的要点精髓到底是什么呢?
- 42. The point is this: 精髓就是:
- 43. God's power working supernaturally and often invisibly... by faith... can do great and mighty things.
 神的能力,通过信心,虽然眼不能见,但却 能成就大事。
- 44. The power of the Kingdom of Heaven is far greater than its initial size or appearance would suggest.
 天国的能力远超过它起初的样子,
- The smallest part of the Kingdom... when it is placed in a conducive environment will have influence beyond its size 天国最小的一部分被放到它可以发挥的环 境,就可以有远超它自身的影响。
- 46. Why? 为什么?
- 47. Because it is the power of God's own spirit.因为这是神圣灵的能力。
- 48. The power of Kingdom is the power of the King...天国的能力就是国王的能力,
- 49. and the power of the King plus the least among us... equal a power house.
 神的能力加上我们中最小的一个,就等于一个发电站。

- Jesus taught that when the power of God is being kneaded into the lives of those who are His own.
 耶稣教导说,当神的能力进入到他儿女的生 命里,
- 51. It will have power with God. 这生命就有了神的能力。
- 52. when His power is fermented in the lives of those who welcome Him and receive Him... 当祂的能力像面酵一样进入到那些接待他的人心里,
- 53. when His power has penetrated every area of the lives of those who seek Him.
 当祂的能力穿透到那些寻求他的人的生命中,
- 54. when His power of His Holy Spirit is not grieved nor quenched by sin...当祂圣灵的能力不为罪的缘故忧伤压抑时,
- 55. it will transform every particle of the dough. 就会改变全团的面,
- 56. This is how it works. 面酵就是这样工作的。
- 57. First of all, the Lord leavens us... 主的灵先发动我们,
- 58. and then He uses us to leaven society. 然后祂又用我们去发动整个社会。
- 59. First, His power transforms us... 神的能力先转化我们,
- then we have power to transform those around us 以至我们有能力去转化别人。
- First His power is displayed in us... 神的能力先在我们里面彰显,
- and then we are able to display His power in the world. 这样我们才有能力将祂的能力彰显于世上。
- First, He forgives us... then He tells us to forgive others. 神先宽恕我们,然后又叫我们去宽恕别人。
- 64. First He comforts us... and then He uses us to comfort others.祂先安慰我们,然后又叫我们去安慰别人。
- 65. And this is exactly how it works: 面酵就是这样工作的,

- 66. Through this parable, the Lord helped me to correct an error in my life.
 通过这个比喻,主帮助我去改正我生命中的错误。
- 67. Let me explain: 我来解释一下:
- 68. I have often prayed "Lord... get me out of the way."我以前常祷告说: 主啊,把我挪开。
- 69. "Lord, move me out of your way in order that you may accomplish your purpose." 主啊,把我从你的道路上挪开,好叫你的旨 意成全。
- 70. But here is the error:

 但这就是错误所在:
- 71. If I were the dough... then I must do the job of the dough.如果我是面团,那我就要做面团该做的。
- 72. As the leaven penetrates every area of the dough... Christ must penetrate every area of my life... so that I can be used.
 就像面酵穿透面团的每一个部分,基督必须 穿透我生命的每一个角落,好叫我可以被祂 使用。
- 73. Getting out of the way... may be a nice humble way to pray.
 把我挪开,可能听起来是一个很谦卑的祷告,
- But, it is the wrong way to pray. 但却是一个错误的祷告。
- 75. Here is what the Lord taught me. 主教导我说:
- Just as the leaven is so intermingled with the dough... 就像面酵和面团一样结合,
- 77. until the distinction between the two has become imperceptible.两者的差别已是微乎其微的时候,
- 78. Even so, I must allow the leaven to leaven every part of my life . . . if I am to serve His purpose.
 即便是这个时候,我也要允许面酵来发起我 生命的每一部分,如果我是要顺服祂的旨意 的话。
- God can do His work without any of us. 神可以不需要你我任何一个人而自己做工,
- 80. But that is not the way He works.

但这不是祂工作的方式,

- He chooses to work through individuals.
 祂选择透过每一个人来完成祂的工作。
- 82. This is consistent with what Jesus said with John 15:4:这就像耶稣在约翰福音15:4中说的一样:
- 83. Abide in me, and I in you. 住在我里面,我也住在你里面。
- 84. Some people see this parable this way: 有些人这样解释这个比喻:
- Since leaven in the Bible often refers to evil and corruption... 既然面酵在圣经中常被用来比喻罪恶和腐 败,
- therefore, Jesus must be referring to the corrupting influence of the world upon the church.
 所以,耶稣一定是比喻世界对教会的腐蚀力,
- But this understanding undermines the positive influence of the leaven here.
 但这个解释误解了面酵在这好的影响力。
- 88. Let me give you an illustration of how a negative figure of speech can be used positively.
 让我给你举一个贬义修辞被用作褒义说法的例子:
- 89. In the Bible, the "serpent" usually symbolizes evil. 太又公田 於语常角红藤白

在圣经里,蛇通常象征魔鬼,

- 90. But, in the Book of Numbers chapter 21 verses 8 and 9 God told Moses to make a "serpent" of bronze and to lift it up high... 但在民数记 21: 8-9 中,神要摩西造一条 铜蛇,并要他高高把蛇挂起来,
- and everyone who looks upon the "serpent" of bronze... will be healed. 每个仰望蛇的人就可得医治。
- 92. Moses did and those who obeyed were healed. 摩西遵照神的意思去做,那些顺服的人都得 救了。
- 93. In John 3:14, Jesus referring to His dying on the cross said the following 在约翰福音3:14,谈到自己的死时,耶稣 这样说:
- 94. As Moses lifted up the serpent in the wilderness, so must the son of man be lifted up. That whoever believes in Him may have eternal

life.

摩西怎样在旷野举蛇,人子也要照样被举起 来,凡相信祂的就得永生。

- 95. So this is how we understand this passage, 所以,我们也要用同样的方法去了解这个比 喻,
- 96. The context of any passage always determines the symbolic meaning. 上下文常常决定了比喻的象征意义是什么。
- And here, clearly, the leaven symbolizes the power of Christ in His Kingdom. 在这,很清楚,面酵象征基督天国的能力。
- 98. When Jesus said, in Luke 12:1: 在路加福音12: 1中,耶稣说:
- 99. Beware of the leaven of the Pharisees which is hypocrisy.当心法利赛人的酵,也就是假冒为善。

SECTION B

<u>乙部</u>

- 1. He was saying that leaven has power. 祂是在说,面酵是有能力的,
- The leaven of hypocrisy has negative and powerful and pervasive influence too. 假冒为善的酵也有负面的强大影响力。
- In Galatians 5:9, Paul said that leaven has a powerful and pervasive influence. 加拉太书 5: 9, 保罗说面酵是很有能力的。
- He said: "A little leaven, leavens the whole lump of dough."
 他说:一点面酵,就可以使全团都发起来。
- 5. He said the same thing in I Corinthians 5:6: 他在林前5: 6也这么说过:
- "Evil leaven has evil influence." 罪恶的酵就有罪恶的影响力,
- But Godly leaven has Godly influence. 但是敬虔的面酵就有敬虔的影响力。
- In fact, Israel was asked to eat unleavened bread only for one week a year, 实际上,以色列人一年只要吃一个礼拜的无 酵饼就够了,
- in order to remind them of their past slavery in Egypt... 是为了让他们记住在埃及为奴的日子,

- but for the rest of the year they eat leavened bread. 其它日子他们都吃有酵饼。
- 11. And, because of the pervasive power of leaven they were not allowed to bring any of it out of Egypt.

并且,正因为面酵的能力,他们不能够将面 酵带出埃及。

- 12. In the ancient days, 在古代,
- When a Jewish girl gets married... 当一个犹太女子要嫁人的时候,
- 14. her mother would give her a small piece of leavened dough from a batch that was mixed just before the wedding. 她的母亲会在婚礼前给她一小块发过的面 团。
- Back then, leavened dough... was a very special gift to the bride from her mother. 在那个时候,发过的面团是母亲给女儿的特别礼物,
- From that gift of leaven... the bride would batch bread for her household throughout her married life. 女儿会用这块发面为她的新家做一辈子的发 面饼。
- To the bride... that gift represents the love and the blessedness of the household in which she grew up. 对于新娘来说,这礼物象征着她娘家的爱和 祝福。
- 18. One of the greatest joys for a committed follower of the Lord, Jesus Christ is to see how his, or her leaven... is transformed into somebody else's life... and produces a new life in Christ.

对于一个忠心跟随主耶稣基督的人来说,最 大的快乐莫过于看到自己的面酵改变了他人 的生命,并在基督里制造出新的生命来。

- 19. It is sheer delight to watch people rid themselves of the leaven of malice... bitterness... and anger... 看到人们脱离罪恶,苦毒和恼怒的酵,是多 么无上的快乐啊!
- and they become filled with the leaven of love and joy and peace. 就像被爱,喜乐与和平的酵充满一样。

- The greatest blessings that a father or a mother has... is when they see their children receive the leaven of the Kingdom of God into their lives... 对父母来说,最大的喜乐莫过于看到自己的 孩子接受神国的面酵在他们的生命中。
- My listening friends, listen very carefully as I conclude this message 我亲爱的朋友,请仔细听我的结论。
- 23. Whether you like it or not, your life is a leaven. 无论你喜不喜欢,你的生命都是一个面酵。
- Your life has the leavening influence and power, 你的生命有面酵的影响力和能力,
- 25. Only sour leaven makes sour bread. 酸面酵就会发出酸面来。
- Christ-centered personalities will produce Christ-centered influence. 以基督为中心的性情,就会发出以基督为中 心的影响力来。
- 27. Christ-centered life will produce Christcentered lives.以基督为中心的生命,就会制造出以基督为 中心的生命来。
- And that is the real power that Jesus gives his followers.
 这就是耶稣给祂跟随者的真实的能力。
- **29.** What do you do with that power? 你要怎样使用你的能力呢?
- God wants you to have power with him, 神要你靠着祂来得能力,
- And no one can take that away from you. 没有人可以夺走,
- 32. Nothing in the world can take that away from you.
 世上没有任何东西可以将它夺走。
- Will you claim this power today? 你今天想要这个能力吗?
- It is my prayer that you do. 盼望你能得到。
- Until next time, I wish you God's richest blessing.
 愿神大大赐福给你,再会。